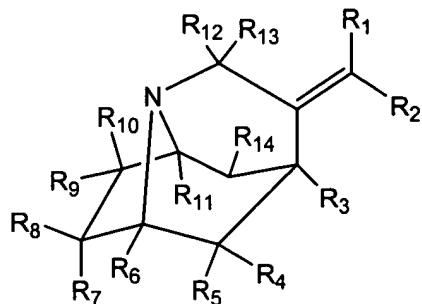


In the claims

1-26. (canceled)

27. (currently amended) A compound represented by formula (II):



(II)

wherein,

R_1 and R_2 each independently are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, and heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl;

R_3 - R_{13} are each independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkoxy, $-C(O)R_{15}$, amino, hydroxy, thio, halogen, cyano, nitro, trifluoromethyl, N_3 , $-C(R_{15})=NR_{15}$, $N=C(R_{15})_2$, $C(O)N(R_{15})_2$, $Q_2P(Q_1)(OR_{15})_2$, SO_2R , silyl, $-R_{16}OR_{15}$, SR_{15} , and CO_2R_{15} ;

R_{14} is selected from the group consisting of $-R_{16}C(O)OR_{15}$, $-OC(O)R_{15}$, $[[O-R_{17}]]-O-R_{17}$, wherein R_{17} is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, alkenyl, and alkynyl; $-R_{16}(O)CR_{15}$; $-C(R_{15})=N(OH)$; carboxylic acid; $-R_{16}C(O)H$; $-Q_2P(Q_1)(OR_{15})_2$; and silyl;

R_{15} represents independently for each occurrence hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, or aryl;

R_{16} represents independently for each occurrence a bond or an alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, or aryl biradical;

Q_1 represents independently for each occurrence S or O; and

Q_2 represents independently for each occurrence O, S, or NR_{15} ;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

28. (currently amended) The compound of claim 27, wherein R_1 is selected from the group consisting of aryl, and heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl, and R_2 is hydrogen, or R_2 is selected from the group consisting of aryl, and heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl, and R_1 is hydrogen, and the compound is an E (entgegen) or Z (zusammen) isomer; R_3 - R_{13} each independently represent hydrogen or alkyl; and R_{14} is $-R_{16}C(O)OR_{15}$ or $-OC(O)R_{15}$.

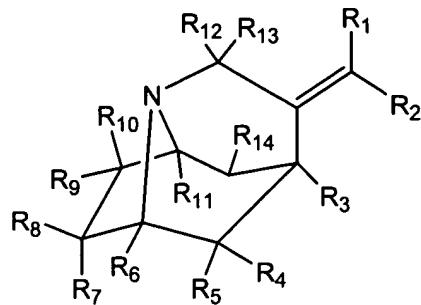
29. (currently amended) The compound of claim 27, wherein R_1 is selected from the group consisting of haloaryl, and alkylaryl, polycyclic, alkenylaryl, and alkynylaryl; and R_2 is hydrogen; or R_2 is selected from the group consisting of haloaryl, and alkylaryl, polycyclic, alkenylaryl, and alkynylaryl; and R_1 is hydrogen.

30. (currently amended) The compound of claim 27, wherein R_1 is selected from the group consisting of phenyl, 3,4-Dichloro-phenyl, 4-methoxy-phenyl, 4-fluoro-phenyl, 1-naphthyl, 2-furyl, 3-furyl, and substituted or unsubstituted alkenylaryl; and R_2 is hydrogen, and the compound is an E (entgegen) isomer.

31. (currently amended) The compound of claim 27, wherein R_1 is 4-methoxy-phenyl, R_2 is hydrogen, R_3 - R_{13} each represent hydrogen, and R_{14} is $-R_{16}C(O)OR_{15}$ or $-OC(O)R_{15}$.

32. (currently amended) The compound of claim 27, wherein R_1 is phenyl, R_2 is hydrogen, R_3 - R_{13} each represent hydrogen, and R_{14} is $-R_{16}C(O)OR_{15}$ or $-OC(O)R_{15}$.

33. (currently amended) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of formula (II):



(II)

wherein,

R_1 and R_2 each independently are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, and heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl;

R_3 - R_{13} are each independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkoxy, $-C(O)R_{15}$, amino, hydroxy, thio, halogen, cyano, nitro, trifluoromethyl, N_3 , $-C(R_{15})=NR_{15}$; $N=C(R_{15})_2$, $C(O)N(R_{15})_2$, $Q_2-P(Q_1)(OR_{15})_2$, SO_2R , silyl, $-R_{16}OR_{15}$, SR_{15} , and $-CO_2R_{15}$;

R_{14} is selected from the group consisting of $-R_{16}C(O)OR_{15}$, $-OC(O)R_{15}$, $[[O-R_{17}]]-O-R_{17}$, wherein R_{17} is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, alkenyl, and alkynyl; $-R_{16}(O)CR_{15}$; $-C(R_{15})=N(OH)$; carboxylic acid; $-R_{16}C(O)H$; $-Q_2-P(Q_1)(OR_{15})_2$; and silyl;

R_{15} represents independently for each occurrence hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, or aryl;

R_{16} represents independently for each occurrence a bond or an alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, or aryl biradical;

Q_1 represents independently for each occurrence S or O; and

Q_2 represents independently for each occurrence O, S, or NR_{15} ;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof; and

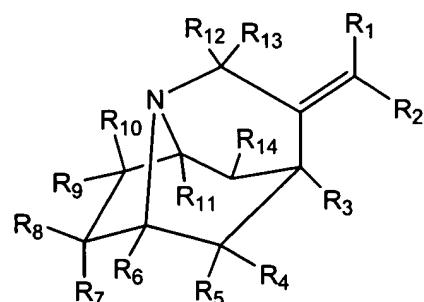
a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

34. (currently amended) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 33, wherein R₁ is selected from the group consisting of aryl, and heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl, and R₂ is hydrogen, or R₂ is selected from the group consisting of aryl, and heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl, and R₁ is hydrogen, and the compound is an E (entgegen) or Z (zusammen) isomer; R₃, R₁₃ each independently represent hydrogen or alkyl; and R₁₄ is -R₁₆C(O)OR₁₅ or -OC(O)R₁₅.

35. (currently amended) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 33, wherein R₁ is selected from the group consisting of haloaryl, and alkylaryl, polycyclic, alkenylaryl, and alkynylaryl; and R₂ is hydrogen; or R₂ is selected from the group consisting of haloaryl, and alkylaryl, polycyclic, alkenylaryl, and alkynylaryl; and R₁ is hydrogen.

36. (currently amended) The pharmaceutical composition of claim 33, The compound of claim 27, wherein R₁ is selected from the group consisting of phenyl, 3,4-Dichloro-phenyl, 4-methoxy-phenyl, 4-fluoro-phenyl, 1-naphthyl, 2-furyl, 3-furyl, and substituted or unsubstituted alkenylaryl; and R₂ is hydrogen, and the compound is an E (entgegen) isomer.

37. (currently amended) A method for treating a disorder caused by a deficiency in monoamine concentration in a human comprising administering a therapeutically effective dose of a compound of formula (II):



(II)

wherein,

R_1 and R_2 each independently are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, and heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl;

R_3 - R_{13} are each independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkoxy, $-C(O)R_{15}$, amino, hydroxy, thio, halogen, cyano, nitro, trifluoromethyl, N_3 , $-C(R_{15})=NR_{15}$; $N=C(R_{15})_2$, $C(O)N(R_{15})_2$, $Q_2-P(Q_1)(OR_{15})_2$, SO_2R , silyl, $-R_{16}OR_{15}$, SR_{15} , and $-CO_2R_{15}$;

R_{14} is selected from the group consisting of $-R_{16}C(O)OR_{15}$, $-OC(O)R_{15}$, $[[O-R_{17}]]-O-R_{17}$, wherein R_{17} is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, alkenyl, and alkynyl; $-R_{16}(O)CR_{15}$; $-C(R_{15})=N(OH)$; carboxylic acid; $-R_{16}C(O)H$; $-Q_2-P(Q_1)(OR_{15})_2$; and silyl;

R_{15} represents independently for each occurrence hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, or aryl;

R_{16} represents independently for each occurrence a bond or an alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, or aryl biradical;

Q_1 represents independently for each occurrence S or O; and

Q_2 represents independently for each occurrence O, S, or NR_{15} ;

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

38. (currently amended) The method of claim 37, wherein R_1 is selected from the group consisting of aryl, and heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl, and R_2 is hydrogen, or R_2 is selected from the group consisting of aryl, and heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl, and R_1 is hydrogen, and the compound is an E (entgegen) or Z (zusammen) isomer; R_3 - R_{13} each independently represent hydrogen or alkyl; and R_{14} is $-R_{16}C(O)OR_{15}$ or $-OC(O)R_{15}$.

39. (currently amended) The method of claim 37, wherein R_1 is selected from the group consisting of haloaryl, and alkylaryl, polycyclic, alkenylaryl, and alkynylaryl; and R_2 is hydrogen; or R_2 is selected from the group consisting of

haloaryl, and alkylaryl, ~~poly~~ethyl, alkenylaryl, and alkynylaryl; and R₁ is hydrogen.

40. **(currently amended)** The method of claim 37, wherein R₁ is selected from the group consisting of phenyl, 3,4-Dichloro-phenyl, 4-methoxy-phenyl, 4-fluoro-phenyl, 1-naphthyl, 2-furyl, 3-furyl, ~~nd substituted or unsubstituted~~ alkenylaryl; and R₂ is hydrogen, and the compound is an E (entgegen) isomer.
41. **(previously presented)** The method of claim 37, wherein said disorder in a human is associated with a deficiency in the concentration of serotonin or norepinephrine.
42. **(previously presented)** The method of claim 37, wherein said disorder in a human is selected from the group consisting of depression, substance addiction, neurodegenerative disease, Attention Deficit Disorder, Huntington's Disease, and bipolar disorder.
43. **(previously presented)** The method of claim 42, wherein said disorder in a human is Parkinson's Disease or Alzheimer's Disease.
44. **(previously presented)** The method of claim 42, wherein said substance addiction is cocaine addiction.

45-59. **(canceled)**